Wetland Restoration

Mike Malling – USFWS Biologist





What is the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?

We are a federal agency with a mission of working with others to conserve, protect and enhance fish, wildlife, and plants and their habitats for the continuing benefit of the American people. We are the only agency of the U.S. Government with that primary mission.





What Do We Do?

Manage Migratory Birds Endangered Species Marine Mammals National Fish Hatcheries National Wildlife Refuges Waterfowl Production Areas Partners for Fish and Wildlife Invasive Species





My Job As A Biologist

Acquire, Restore, and Manage Habitat Partners Fish and Wildlife Program Private Lands Waterfowl Production Areas Partnerships and Grants Prescribed Fire Management Design Management Plans Conflict Management Surveys and Waterfowl Banding Landscape Assessments



18 Acre Drained Basin (1995)

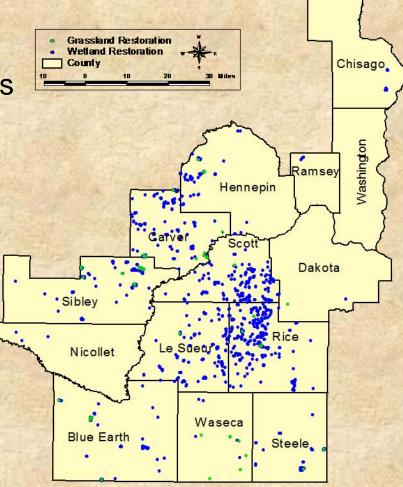


18 Acre Basin Restored In 1995 Through A Partnership With The USFWS And The Metropolitan Council



Accomplishments

Acquired 15,000 acres Restore and Manage 20,000 acres Worked with > 1200 landowners 1451 wetland basins 241 grassland sites 20 riparian projects Technical help > 2,000 sites





Presentation Objectives

Wetland Restoration – Just the Basics Case Studies – Successes



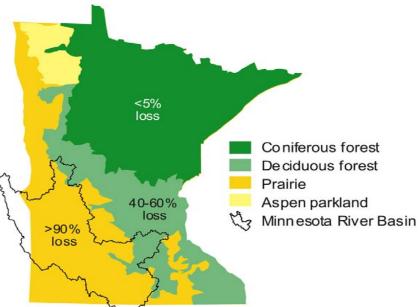


Wetland Status and Trends

U.S. loss approaching 50% Some MN Counties have lost > 95% Agriculture

tiling and ditching
Development and logging
Diversion and transportation
Conversion





Map adapted from John Tester's Minnesota's Natural Heritage.



Aren't they all the same? No!

Temporary Ephemeral Seasonal Semi - Permanent Permanent Lakes





Temporary Sheet water Shallow Short duration Invertebrates Migration Breeding







Ephemeral Wet meadow Saturated Short duration Sedges Flowers Migration Breeding







Seasonal Sheet water Up to 12" Weeks to months Nesting Migration Feeding







Semi Permanent Longer duration Classic marsh Up to 36" Many life cycles Many species







Lakes

All summer Open Up to 60" Rings of Veg. Staging Many species







So Which is the Best Wetland?

They all Are!

Wetland Complexes Serve different roles At different times For different species





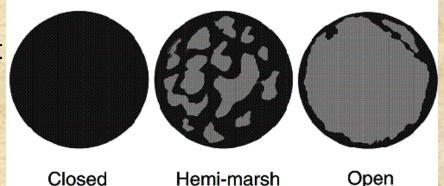




Common Wetland Restoration Mistakes and Misconceptions

Deeper water is better Open water is best Too much vegetation Weedy mess Trying to recreate wrong type **Different expectations** Dugouts are beneficial Wetlands always need water Constant water levels are best Drought is bad They are full of mosquitoes Islands are great habitat







What Makes a Successful Wetland Restoration

Complex of wetlands Few invasives Location, location Formerly degraded sites Good planning Patience and persistence Variable water levels Knowledge of local area Effective buffers **Species diversity Good Management** Ask for help early

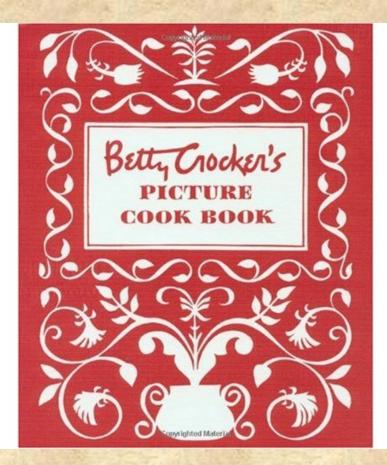


Cookbook Basics

Guess what? There isn't one!

Why Not? Variability Site conditions Lack of information Different expectations

But, let's try anyway!





Walkabout Sheet Map Water Plants Soils

- Wetland Walkabout Checklist
 - Gather and review maps
 - Soils, air photos, drainage tile, topographic
 - Gather field or guide book
 - Wetland or plant ID book
 - Walk the site looking for "clues"
- Is water present?

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- When and how long?
- Are there ponds, streams, or springs nearby?
- Are there low spots?
- Where are they?
- Is there drainage such as tile or ditches?
- Are there drowned out areas that show stress?
- Water marks on trees or fields?
- Is there a classic V shaped drainage indicator?
- Are there wetland plants?
 - Cattails, sedges, reed canary, flowers?
 - Shrubs or trees dogwood, silver maples, or willow?
 - Check again for water marks
- How wet are the soils?
 - Is the color dark brown or black?
 - What does it smell like?
 - Can you roll it into a ball?
 - Can you squeeze the water out?
 - Is there decaying material?
 - Does the hole fill with water?
 - Any evidence of crayfish or invertebrates such as snails?
- Questions?
 - Use the internet
 - Contact a pro

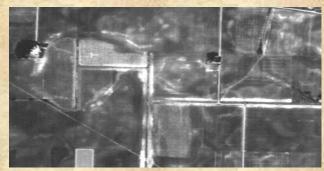


Air Photo Large size Different years Look for "clues" Draw on them

Where to get them? Websites Google maps County GIS SWCD/NRCS









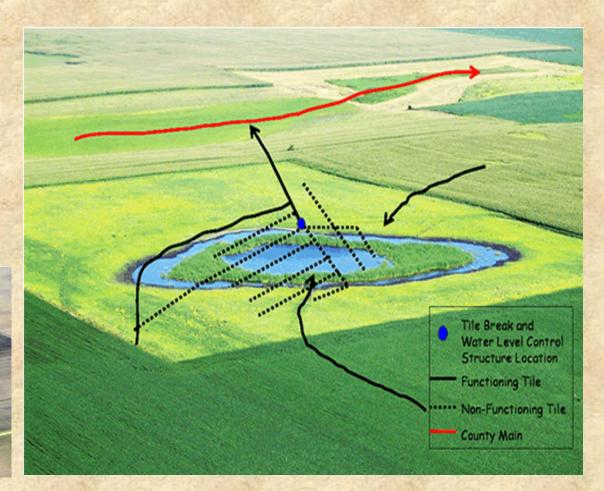
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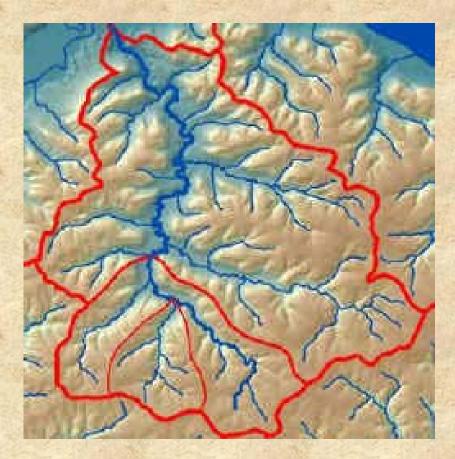








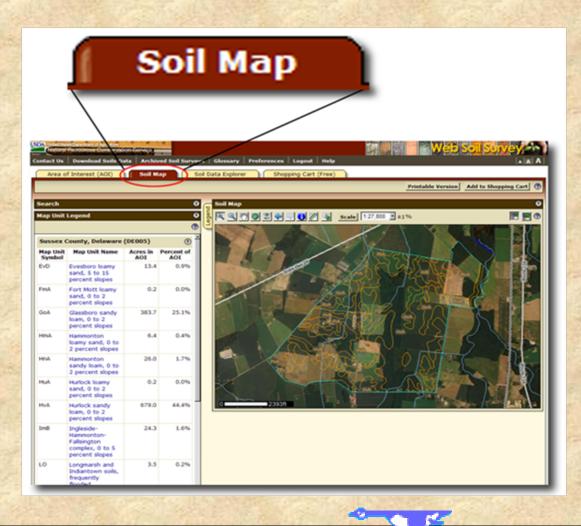
Watershed Size Type Amount of flow Where from Soils Cover Topography Culverts





Soils

Type Amount Wetland Sandy Sediment





Landowner interviews Drainage issues Crop issues Flooding issues Tile installation





Survey

Topography Property lines Impacts Feasibility Cost vs benefit Borrow sites Design Engineering Vegetation

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(Above) Survey notes indicating elevations of land and vegetative features, estimates for earthwork, and simple drawings. (Right) Taking a shot within the basin to determine a pool elevation.





Wildlife Needs Food Water Cover Space

What's limiting? Landscape potential Seasonal needs Annual life cycle

What can you offer?

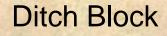




Techniques Ditch block Tile blocks Build berms Shallow excavation Riser installation Water level control



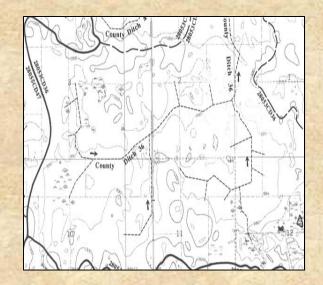




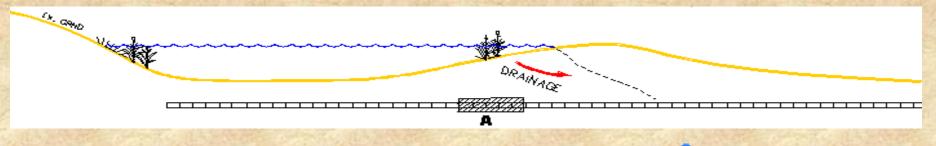




Tile Blocks/replacement









Build berms





Shallow Excavations





Riser Installation







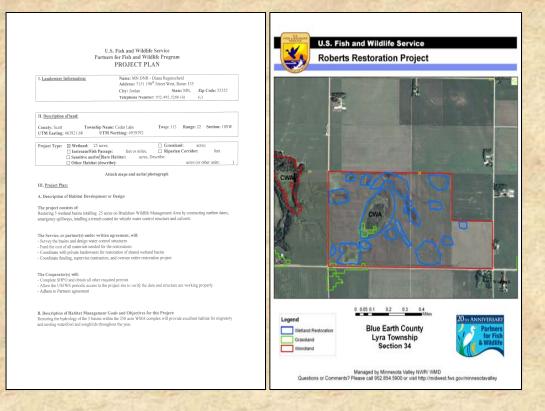
Water Control Structure Installation





Develop Project Plan

Things to consider Wildlife needs **Options for project** Costs - \$600-2,000/acre Budget **Reasonable time lines** Permits Contractor selection Seeding Monitoring **Consider buffers** Management plan





Things to consider Wildlife first Reasonable goals Costs now and future Management abilities









Construction



(Right) Clockwise from top left: (1) Seating of pipe with anti-seep diaphragm attached (2) back-filling around structure (3) view of intake and drained wetland (4) completed dam ready to be seeded. (Above) Same wetland 11 months later.





Monitoring and Habitat Management

Walk the site Record journal Record species use Monitor water levels Water level management Keep an eye on dam site Mow for trees Use fire as tool Disking and weeding Other maintenance





Other Practices to Help You Succeed Plant native grass and forb buffers



Seeding with Grass Drill Native Grasses After 5 Weeks Native Grasses After 1 Year (left) And After 3 Years (right)



Other Practices for Wildlife Nesting Boxes, and Platforms

Waterfowl Warblers Bluebirds Owls Osprey **Swallows** Bats **Martins** Loons Waterbirds Snags





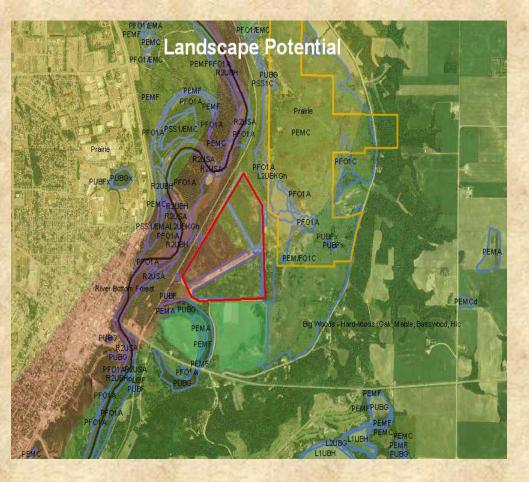
Case Study - St. Peter





Case Study - St. Peter

Background Decommissioned Contaminants Removed Watering Capacity Issues Vegetation Needs Potential Habitat Wildlife Needs in Area Landscape Assessment Topography





St. Peter Management Plan

Hold water until late spring (May - June) Slow drawdowns until bottom is exposed Midsummer mowing if necessary Disk or burn every 3-5 years Start slow reflooding (September – October) Provide 4-8 inches of water Design Needs?







Success Story

Roberts WPA

Blue Earth County 285 acre tract Limiting factors Species use waterfowl shorebirds pheasants songbirds amphibians insects





Success Story

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Blue Earth County 285 acre tract Limiting factors > 100 Species use waterfowl shorebirds pheasants songbirds amphibians insects





Success Story



10 Acre Basin Restored in 2002 in Partnership with the USFWS, NRCS, Minnesota Waterfowl Assoc., Metropolitan Council and Private Landowner



Confused Yet and Need Help?

Contact the Pros early on Who are they? SWCD, NRCS, FSA, BWSR, FWS, DNR

Why? Wetland Permits Drainage Local knowledge Wetland Contacts in Minnesota

- USFWS Offices Partners for Fish and Wildlife Program http://files.dnr.state.mn.us/assistance/grants/habitat /lessard_sams/usfws_contacts
- MN DNR Private Lands Offices http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/privatelandsprogram/index. html
- Farm Service Agency

httfficesp://o.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?state=mn&agency=fsa

Local Soil and Water Conservation District

http://www.maswcd.org/SWCDs_On_The_Web/swcds_on_the_web.htm

Local NRCS Office

http://www.mn.nrcs.usda.gov/contact/

• MN Department of Agriculture

http://www.mda.state.mn.us/protecting/conservation/practices/wetlandrest.aspx

• MN Board of Water and Soil Resources

http://www.bwsr.state.mn.us/wetlands/index.html

Private Consultants

Keyword wetland restoration consultants i _ n MN



More Helpful Information

Your handouts - Contacts, Walkabout, and Websites

Wisconsin Wetland Restoration Handbooks for Landowners http://dnr.wi.gov/wetlands/handbook.html

MN DNR Excavating Ponds for Wildlife http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/excavatedponds/index.html

MN DNR Landscaping for Wildlife http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/eco/pubs_restoration

MN Valley National Wildlife Refuge and WMD Partners Program http://www.fws.gov/midwest/minnesotavalley

NRCS Wetland Restoration http://www.mn.nrcs.usda.gov/programs/wrp/plantid/about.html

BWSR Wetland Restoration Guide http://www.epa.gov/wetlands/pdf/restodocfinal.pdf

